#### Exponents, Square Roots, Algebra, and Geometry Review 5

#### Whole Numbers Fractions Decimals Other Exponents Unit 25 $(\frac{1}{3})^2 = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{9}$ $(.2)^2 = .2 \times .2 = .04$ $2^5 = (2)(2)(2)(2)(2) = 32$ Exponent $3^2 = 3 \times 3 = 9$ Exponents =(2)(2)(2) = 8 $\sqrt{\frac{1}{9}} = \frac{1}{3}$ $\sqrt{.04} = .2$ $\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^3 = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) = \frac{1}{125}$ and Square Roots $(.5)^3 = (.5)(.5)(.5) = .125$ Base Power $3^{-1} = \frac{1}{3}$ $3^{-2} = \frac{1}{(3)(3)} = \frac{1}{9}$

#### Unit 26

### Algebraic expressions

- Algebraic expressions contain variables, numbers, and math operation signs.
- 2. Variables (letters) are used to represent unknown quantities.
- 3. Constants (numbers) represent known quantities.

# Evaluating algebraic expressions

- 1. Replace all variables with their given values and do required math.
- 2. Evaluate 5x y<sup>2</sup> when x = 6 and y = 4.

$$5x - y^2$$
= (5)(6) - 4<sup>2</sup>
= 30 - 16 = 14

#### Unit 26

# Writing algebraic expressions and equations

- 1. Represent the variables with letters.
- 2. Represent the constants with numbers.
- 3. State the required math operations.

#### 4 increased by 3 times a number 4 + 3x

5 less than twice a number 2x-5

3 Cokes cost \$1.80. Find the cost of 1 Coke.

x =the cost of 1 Coke.

$$3x = \$1.80$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{\$1.80}{3}$$

$$x = $.60$$

### Unit 27

# Solving Multi-Step Equations

- 1. An equation represents two equal expressions.
- 2. Opposite operations are required to isolate the variable and solve an equation.

#### **Multi-Step Equations**

$$4x - 5 = 35$$
$$4x - 5 + 5 = 35 + 5$$
$$4x = 40$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{40}{4}$$

$$x = 10$$

#### **Equations** with Like Terms

$$5y + 10 - 2y = 49$$
  
 $3y + 10 = 49$   
 $3y + 10 - 10 = 49 - 10$   
 $3y = 39$   
 $3y/3 = 39/3$   
 $y = 13$ 

# **Equations** with Parentheses

$$5(2x + 3) = 35$$

$$10x + 15 = 35$$

$$10x + 15 - 15 = 35 - 15$$

$$10x = 20$$

$$10x/10 = 20/10$$

$$x = 2$$

Unit 28

Straight

Horizontal

Vertical

Ray

Parallel

Perpendicular

Lines

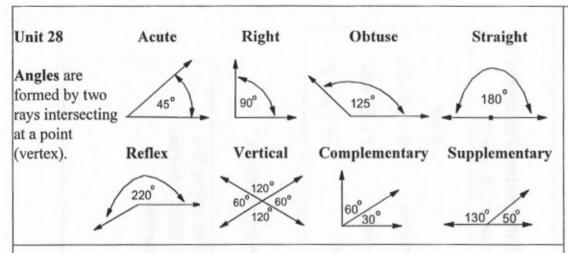


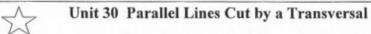


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Software Tutorial Internet Library has material to help with many popular software programs.

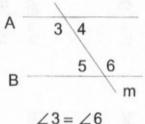
Business Software Library has free accounting, math and statistics software.

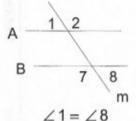




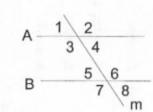
Alternate interior angles are equal.

Alternate exterior angles are equal.



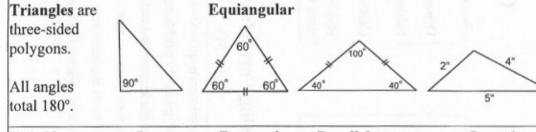


Corresponding angles are equal. They are on the same side of the transversal with one outside and one inside the parallel lines.



both on left

$$\angle 4 = \angle 8$$



Unit 29

**Ouadrilaterals** are four-sided polygons.

Unit 29

Squares

Right

Rectangles

**Equilateral** 

and

**Parallelograms** 

When all sides of a polygon are equal, it is called regular.

Isosceles

Isosceles Trapezoid

Scalene



Rhombus

Other Interesting Polygons Pentagon Hexagon

Octagon





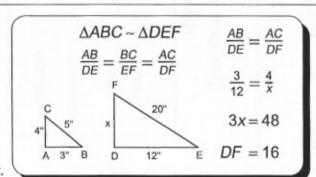




# **Unit 30 Similar Triangles**

Similar Triangles (~) have the same shape.

- 1. They have corresponding angles that are equal.
- 2. They have corresponding sides that are in proportion.
- 3. If all three pairs of corresponding angles are equal (AAA), the triangles are similar.



- Unit 30 Congruent Triangles (≅) have both the same size and the same shape.
- 1. All corresponding parts are equal.
- 2. Triangles are congruent when:
  - A. 2 sides and their included angle are equal (SAS).
  - B. 2 angles and their included side are equal (ASA).
  - C. 3 sides are equal (SSS).